HOW CAN THE CPPNM/A REVIEW CONFERENCE BE DIFFERENT THAN OTHER MECHANISMS?

Characteristic	CPPNM/A Review Conference and Preparatory Process	CPPNM Point of Contact and Central Authorities of States Parties (PoC) Meeting	IAEA International Conference on Nuclear Security (ICONS)
Timeframe and Length	RevCon <u>every 5 years</u> by request of majority of states parties or as agreed as standing arrangement Proposed length: 1-2 weeks Preparatory process: - PrepCom in Year 4 (up to 1 week) - Expert meetings in Years 2-3 (5 days)	Annual Length: 1-2 days	Every 3 or 4 years Length: 1 day for Ministerial Session; 4 days for Scientific and Technical Programme
Agenda	Focus on physical protection of nuclear materials/nuclear facilities, nuclear material in transport, and criminalization measures, according to treaty provisions. Article 16: Purpose of review conference is to "review the implementation of this Convention and its adequacy as concerns the preamble, the whole of the operative part and the annexes in the light of the then prevailing situation." Review provision is broad enough in scope to be flexible and substantive, covering all parts of treaty text and preamble in terms of both implementation and adequacy.	Discuss primarily technical aspects of implementation of the convention (technical rather than policy driven). Agenda is limited. Discussion of matters related to understanding PoC/state responsibilities under the amended convention, and to sharing experiences and lessons learned in the implementation of commitments and responsibilities.	Discuss current progress and future developments in strengthening nuclear security globally. Ministerial session: To share national perspectives related to nuclear security, leading to adoption of Ministerial Declaration. Concept is to garner high-level attention for and demonstrate high-level commitment to nuclear security. Scientific and Technical Programme: To share technical knowledge and expertise on a wide range of themes related to nuclear security. Includes high-level discussions on broad themes and technical sessions on specialized scientific, technical, legal, and regulatory issues concerning nuclear security.

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Government Participants	Senior diplomats and technical/legal experts. (anticipated)	Representative of the Point of Contact, which are primarily technical experts (typically regulators).	Ministers and senior diplomats at ministerial session; diplomats and technical experts at the Scientific and Technical Programme.
Non-Government Participation	Propose that non-government participants be observers in plenary sessions; host side events.	None	Yes (Scientific and Technical Programme only)
Culture of Deliverables/ Commitments	Propose that States Parties provide updates on progress and make commitments for future actions to realize the object and purpose of the convention (example is the 2010 action plan adopted at the NPT review conference).	None	None Consensus Ministerial Declaration provides broad principles for nuclear security and reflects political commitment to nuclear security, but no specific commitments are made.
Reporting	Article 14 requires states to report on laws/regulations giving effect to the convention. The RevCon could be a milestone for all states parties to submit/update reports. States could make redacted versions of reports public.	None	None
Information Sharing	Propose States Parties take opportunity for additional voluntary information sharing/ review of information by other states parties to share best practices and lessons learned, under Article 5.	Sharing of experiences and good practices through presentations.	Sharing of experiences and good practices through presentations.