INDIA

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS	STATUS ¹
United Nations (UN)	Member
Conference on Disarmament (CD)	Member
International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA)	Member
Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons ² (OPCW)	Member
Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty Organization Preparatory	
Commission	
South Asia Association for Regional Cooperation (SAARC)	Member
TREATIES & AGREEMENTS Nuclear:	
Nuclear Non-proliferation Treaty (NPT)	
Comprehensive Nuclear Test Ban Treaty (CTBT)	3
Partial Test Ban Treaty (PTBT)	State Party
IAEA Safeguards Agreement	Yes (INFCIRC 66,
	<u>66 Rev. 2</u> , 154, 211, 260, 360,374, 433,
	754)
IAEA Additional Protocol	Signed 5/15/2009
Nuclear Safety Convention	State Party
Joint Spent Fuel Management Convention	
Convention on the Physical Protection of Nuclear Material	State Party
Amendment to the Convention on the Physical Protection of Nuclear	State Party
Material (2005)	State I arty
India-Pakistan Non-Attack Agreement	State Party
Antarctic Treaty	State Party
Chemical& Biological:	
Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC)	State Party
Biological and Toxin Weapons Convention (BTWC)	State Party ⁴
BTWC Confidence Building Measures (CBMs) ⁵	Submitted ⁶
Geneva Protocol	State Party ⁷
WMD delivery systems:	
Hague Code of Conduct against Ballistic Missile Proliferation	
Other:	
Proliferation Security Initiative	
Promeration Security Initiative	
NONPROLIFERATION EXPORT CONTROLS	
Zangger Committee	
Nuclear Suppliers Group	Pending
Australia Group	
Missile Technology Control Regime	8
Wassenaar Agreement	
Security Council resolution 1540 (2004) ⁹	
Security Council resolution 1340 (2004)	Report submitted 11/1/04
	Add. 1 submitted
	1/16/06
	Add. 2 submitted
	2/18/06
	<u>2/10/00</u>
COUNTER-TERRORISM CONVENTIONS & OBLIGATIONS	
Security Council resolution 1373 (2001) ¹⁰	Doport submitted
Security Council resolution 1575 (2001)	Report submitted 6/3/04
	<u>6/3/04</u> Report submitted
	<u>Report sublitted</u>

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	<u>4/11/07</u>
Security Council resolution 1267 (1999) & 1455 (2003) ¹¹	Report submitted
	<u>6/10/03</u>
Suppression of the Financing of Terrorism	State Party
Suppression of Terrorist Bombings	State Party
Marking of Plastic Explosives for the Purpose of Detection	State Party
Against the Taking of Hostages	State Party
Offences and Certain Other Acts Committed on Board Aircraft	State Party
Suppression of Unlawful Seizure of Aircraft	State Party
Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of Civil Aviation	State Party
Protocol on the Suppression of Unlawful Acts of Violence at Airports	State Party
Serving International Civil Aviation	
Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of Maritime	State Party
Navigation	
Protocol for the Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of	State Party
Fixed Platforms Located on the Continental Shelf	
Prevention and Punishment of Crimes against Internationally	State Party
Protected Persons, including Diplomatic Agents	
Suppression of Acts of Nuclear Terrorism	State Party

¹ The **Status** of a State's participation in treaties and organizations is defined by the actions the State has taken to join and adhere to their obligations. A **Signatory State** is a State whose competent authority or representative has signed a Treaty text, thus indicating acceptance of the Treaty and a commitment not to undertake any actions that would undermine the purpose of the Treaty, according to the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties. However, the Treaty does not enter into force for the State until it is ratified, at which point the State becomes a **State Party**. To complete the ratification process, the State must fulfill and implement domestic legislative practices, such as gaining formal approval from parliament or other legislative bodies, to bring about the legal application of the Treaty. The Treaty is then formally declared to be applicable on the State Party and the required legal instrument of ratification is duly deposited with the depositary.

² Membership requires ratification of the Chemical Weapons Convention.

³ India's signature and ratification required for the CTBT to enter into force.

⁴ India issued a statement upon its signature of the BTWC clarifying the Treaty's terms.

⁵ A set of voluntary confidence building measures agreed to at the Second Review Conference of the States party to the BTWC (1986) under Article V.

⁶ Submitted information on BTWC CBMs reports in the following years: 1997, 2007 and 2009-2011.

⁷ A number of States, including India, declared upon their accession to the Protocol that it would cease to be binding on them if their enemies, or the allies of their enemies, failed to respect the prohibitions of the Protocol.

⁸ India has been a "unilateral adherent" to the MTCR since 2008.

⁹Resolution adopted under Chapter VII of the United Nations Charter.

¹⁰ Resolution adopted under Chapter VII of the United Nations Charter.

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