IRAQ

| INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS | STATUS ¹ |
|--|-----------------------------|
| United Nations (UN) | Member |
| Conference on Disarmament (CD) | Member |
| International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) | Member |
| Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons (OPCW) | Member |
| Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty Organization Preparatory | Member |
| Commission | |
| Arms Control and Regional Security in the Middle East (ACRS) | |
| TREATIES & AGREEMENTS | |
| Nuclear: | |
| Nuclear Non-proliferation Treaty (NPT) | State Party |
| Comprehensive Nuclear Test Ban Treaty (CTBT) | State Party |
| Partial Test Ban Treaty (PTBT) | State Party |
| IAEA Safeguards Agreement | Yes (INFCIRC 172) |
| IAEA Additional Protocol | In Force 10/10/2012 |
| Nuclear Safety Convention | |
| Joint Spent Fuel Management Convention | |
| Convention on the Physical Protection of Nuclear Material | |
| Amendment to the Convention on the Physical Protection of Nuclear Material (2005) | |
| Antarctic Treaty | |
| Chemical& Biological: | |
| Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC) | State Party |
| Biological and Toxin Weapons Convention (BTWC) | State Party |
| BTWC Confidence Building Measures (CBMs) ² | Submitted ³ |
| Geneva Protocol | State Party ⁴ |
| WMD delivery systems: | State Fully |
| Hague Code of Conduct against Ballistic Missile Proliferation | State Party |
| Other: | State Fully |
| Proliferation Security Initiative | Participant |
| | |
| NONPROLIFERATION EXPORT CONTROLS | |
| Zangger Committee | |
| Nuclear Suppliers Group | |
| Australia Group | |
| Missile Technology Control Regime | |
| Wassenaar Arrangement | |
| Security Council resolution 1540 (2004) ⁵ | Report submitted 4/13/05 |
| | Add.1 submitted 02/05/06 |
| | |
| COUNTER -TERRORISM CONVENTIONS & OBLIGATIONS | D |
| Security Council resolution 1373 (2001) ⁶ | Report submitted 8/14/02 |
| | Report submitted 5/08/06 |
| Security Council resolution 1267 (1991) &1455 (2003) ⁷ | |
| Suppression of the Financing of Terrorism | Accession |
| Suppression of Terrorist Bombings | Signatory |
| Marking of Plastic Explosives for the Purpose of Detection | |
| Against the Taking of Hostages | Signatory |
| Against the Taking of Hostages | Signatory |

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| Suppression of Unlawful Seizure of Aircraft | State Party |
|--|-------------|
| Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of Civil Aviation | State Party |
| Protocol on the Suppression of Unlawful Acts of Violence at Airports | State Party |
| Serving International Civil Aviation | |
| Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of Maritime | Signatory |
| Navigation | |
| Protocol for the Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of | Signatory |
| Fixed Platforms Located on the Continental Shelf | |
| Prevention and Punishment of Crimes against Internationally | State Party |
| Protected Persons, including Diplomatic Agents | - |
| Suppression of Acts of Nuclear Terrorism | State Party |

¹ The **Status** of a State's participation in treaties and organizations is defined by the actions the State has taken to join and adhere to their obligations. A **Signatory State** is a State whose competent authority or representative has signed a Treaty text, thus indicating acceptance of the Treaty and a commitment not to undertake any actions that would undermine the purpose of the Treaty, according to the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties. However, the Treaty does not enter into force for the State until it is ratified, at which point the State becomes a **State Party**. To complete the ratification process, the State must fulfill and implement domestic legislative practices, such as gaining formal approval from parliament or other legislative bodies, to bring about the legal application of the Treaty. The Treaty is then formally declared to be applicable on the State Party and the required legal instrument of ratification is duly deposited with the depositary.

 2 A set of voluntary confidence building measures agreed to at the Second Review Conference of the States party to the BTWC (1986) under Article V.

³ Submitted information on BTWC CBM reports in the following years: 1993, 1995-1997, 2008-2011.

⁴ A number of States, including the Iraq, declared upon their accession to the Protocol that it would cease to be binding on them if their enemies, or the allies of their enemies, failed to respect the prohibitions of the Protocol.

⁵ Resolution adopted under Chapter VII of the United Nations Charter.

⁷ Resolution adopted under Chapter VII of the United Nations Charter.

⁶ Resolution adopted under Chapter VII of the United Nations Charter.