## LIBYAN ARAB JAMAHIRIYA

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS	STATUS <sup>1</sup>
United Nations (UN)	Member
Conference on Disarmament (CD)	Observer
International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA)	Member
Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons <sup>2</sup> (OPCW)	Member
Comprehensive Test Ban Treaty Organization Preparatory	
Commission	Member
TREATIES & AGREEMENTS	
Nuclear:	
Nuclear Non-proliferation Treaty (NPT)	State Party
Comprehensive Nuclear Test Ban Treaty (CTBT)	State Party
Partial Test Ban Treaty (PTBT)	State Party
IAEA Safeguards Agreement	Yes (INFCIRC 282)
IAEA Additional Protocol	In force 08/11/06
Nuclear Safety Convention	State Party
Joint Spent Fuel Management Convention	
Convention on the Physical Protection of Nuclear Material	State Party
Amendment to the Convention on the Physical Protection of Nuclear	State Party
Material (2005)	
African Nuclear-Weapon-Free-Zone (ANWFZ) Treaty	State Party
(Pelindaba Treaty)	
Antarctic Treaty	
Chemical& Biological:	
Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC)	State Party
Biological and Toxin Weapons Convention (BTWC)	State Party
BTWC Confidence Building Measures (CBMs) <sup>3</sup>	Submitted <sup>4</sup>
Geneva Protocol	State Party <sup>5</sup>
WMD delivery systems:	State 1 arty
Hague Code of Conduct against Ballistic Missile Proliferation	State Party
Other:	State 1 arty
Proliferation Security Initiative	Participant
NONPROLIFERATION EXPORT CONTROLS	
Zangger Committee	
Nuclear Suppliers Group	
Australia Group	
Missile Technology Control Regime	
Wassenaar Arrangement	
Security Council resolution 1540 <sup>6</sup>	Report submitted
	04/12/05
	Add.1 submitted
	<u>12/06/05</u>
COUNTER - TERRORISM CONVENTIONS & OBLIGATIONS	
Security Council resolution 1373 (2001) <sup>7</sup>	Report submitted
	<u>06/30/06</u>
Security Council resolution 1267 (1999) and 1455 (2003) <sup>8</sup>	Report submitted
	05/24/04
Suppression of the Financing of Terrorism	State Party
	I a
Suppression of Terrorist Bombings	State Party
	State Party State Party State Party

Offences and Certain Other Acts Committed on Board Aircraft	State Party
Suppression of Unlawful Seizure of Aircraft	State Party
Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of Civil Aviation	State Party
Protocol for the Suppression of Unlawful Acts of Violence at Airports	State Party
Serving International Civil Aviation	
Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of Maritime	State Party
<u>Navigation</u>	
Protocol for the Suppression of Unlawful Acts against the Safety of	State Party
<u>Fixed Platforms Located on the Continental Shelf</u>	
Prevention and Punishment of Crimes against Internationally	State Party
Protected Persons, including Diplomatic Agents	
Suppression of Acts of Nuclear Terrorism	State Party

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The **Status** of a State's participation in treaties and organizations is defined by the actions the State has taken to join and adhere to their obligations. A **Signatory State** is a State whose competent authority or representative has signed a Treaty text, thus indicating acceptance of the Treaty and a commitment not to undertake any actions that would undermine the purpose of the Treaty, according to the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties. However, the Treaty does not enter into force for the State until it is ratified, at which point the State becomes a **State Party**. To complete the ratification process, the State must fulfill and implement domestic legislative practices, such as gaining formal approval from parliament or other legislative bodies, to bring about the legal application of the Treaty. The Treaty is then formally declared to be applicable on the State Party and the required legal instrument of ratification is duly deposited with the depositary.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Membership requires ratification of the Chemical Weapons Convention.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> A set of voluntary confidence building measures agreed to at the Second Review Conference of the States party to the BTWC (1986) under Article V.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Submitted information on BTWC CBM reports in the following years: 2005-2008, 2010.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> A number of States, including Libya declared upon their accession to the Protocol that it would cease to be binding on them if their enemies, or the allies of their enemies, failed to respect the prohibitions of the Protocol.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Resolution adopted under Chapter VII of the United Nations Charter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Resolution adopted under Chapter VII of the United Nations Charter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Resolution adopted under Chapter VII of the United Nations Charter.